Ecuador









283,560 sq km



US Dollar



18 million



8.9 million



Daniel Noboa

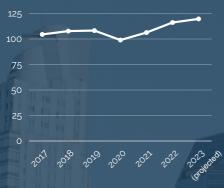


116 USD Billion

Economic indicators:



Expected inflation rate 2024 = 2.1%



GDP (in billion current US\$)



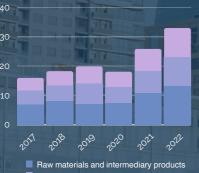
GDP per capita, PPP (in thousand current US\$)



Trade balance (in billion current US\$)

Imports:

Imports by sector (in billion US\$)



- Capital goods and construction materials

Consumer goods

Top import origins

United States United States China China Colombia Colombia Brazil Brazil 2021 2022

Most imported goods in 2022



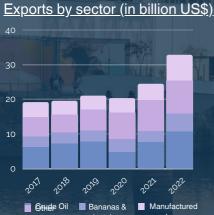
Broadcasting Equipment

2. Machinary

3. A Vehicles

Wastes of Food

Exports:



Top export destinations

United States United States Panama China China Panama Chile Chile 2021 2022

Most exported goods in 2022

Petroleum

Refined Petroleum

Bananas

5. Processed Fish



Crustaceans

Opportunities:



- Analytics, AI, connected sensors, and other emerging technologies geared towards modernizing the agricultural sector.
- Connectivity infrastructure.
- Input distribution and advisory services



- Integrated Solutions software and artificial intelligence to streamline and improve decision making within the commodities supply chain.
- Use of advanced sensors and real-time process control to improve the quality and grade of ores.



- Inventory tracking systems
- Imported wheat, soybean and crustaceans for processing.
- Radar and optical sensors on satellites to pick up patterns in the ocean environment.
- Location monitoring systems of large vessels for government usage

Economic Outlook:



Why Ecuador?

- Free market economic policies look to facilitate foreign investment into Ecuador.
- Mining incentives: the Mining Law was approved on april 28th, 2023, and mining companies have tax refunds on imports.
- Heavy investment in transport infrastructure should streamline supply chains and improve the rural-urban mobility that is so vital for the agricultural sectors.
- Incredible biodiversity alongside new visa initiatives should help to drive investment in the tourism sector.
- The government plans to double oil production by 2018. Steps have been taken to increase market access for private companies to achieve this.



Future Trends

- Ecuador will continue to look to increase market competition and implement liberalization policies as part of IMF agreements.
- Increasing private participation and economic diversification in industries such as renewable energy and oil, in which the state entities enjoy a quasi-monopoly.
- Less disruption in the mining and oil industries due to improved communication between the government and CONEI (Confederation of Indigenous Nationalities).
- Ecuador expected to become an important copper supplier in the medium-term.



Startups and VCs

- Venture capital investments increased in 56% from 2021 to 2022.
- A recent surge in incubators, accelerators and coworking spaces such as Quitotech, have helped trigger an influx of innovative companies.
- Ecuador has reached 300 startups until 2022, and 1 of these is a unicorn startup, Kushki.
- Companies such as Latinnova are facilitating entrepreneurship by organizing networking events for entrepreneurs and investors.
- Investment in certain sectors such as petrochemicals and biotechnology grant a five year exemption on income tax.
- Rapid growth in internet penetration has opened doors for agri-tech, health-tech, legal-tech and fintech businesses in the region.



Global Position

- #1 Global exporter of fine cocoa
- #1 Global exporter of bananas
- #3 Global exporter of cut flowers
- #3 Most biodiverse country per sq/m in the region
- #7 Producer of cocoa globally
- #19 Oil reserves globally
- #31 Oil producer globally
- 10 Trade Agreements some of them: PTA with
 UE, FTA with China & TPA with the US.

Business Hub